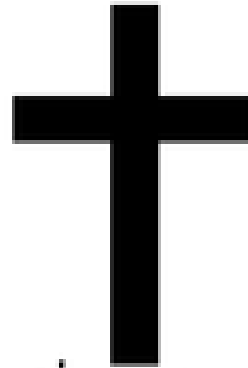


Unit: Monotheistic Religions



Judaism



Christianity



Islam

Important Dates in the History of Christianity

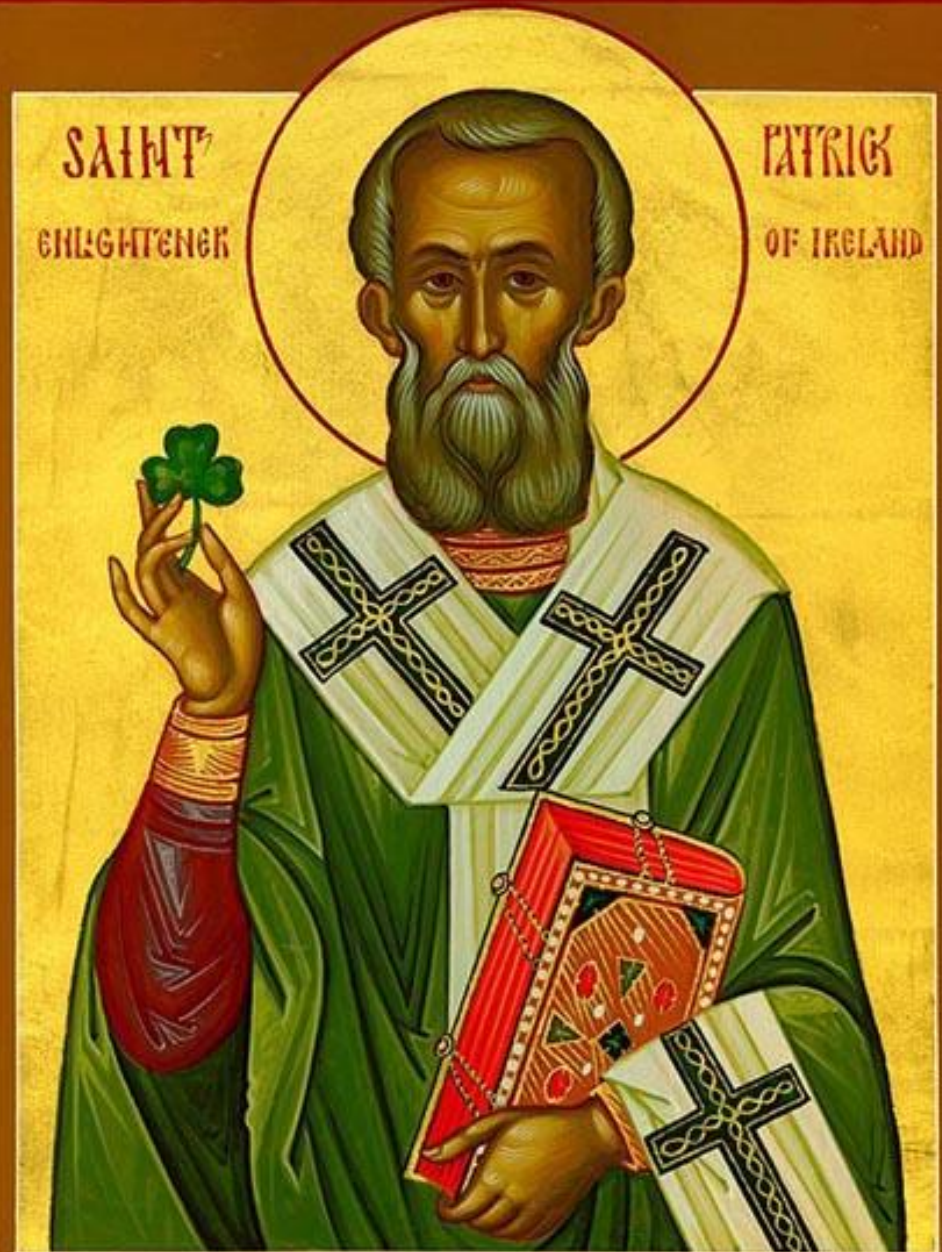


**GATEWAY
STEM
HIGH SCHOOL**
SCIENCE + TECHNOLOGY + ENGINEERING + MATH

Sheltered World History for English Learners
Mr. Johnston
Gateway STEM High School

Saint Patrick

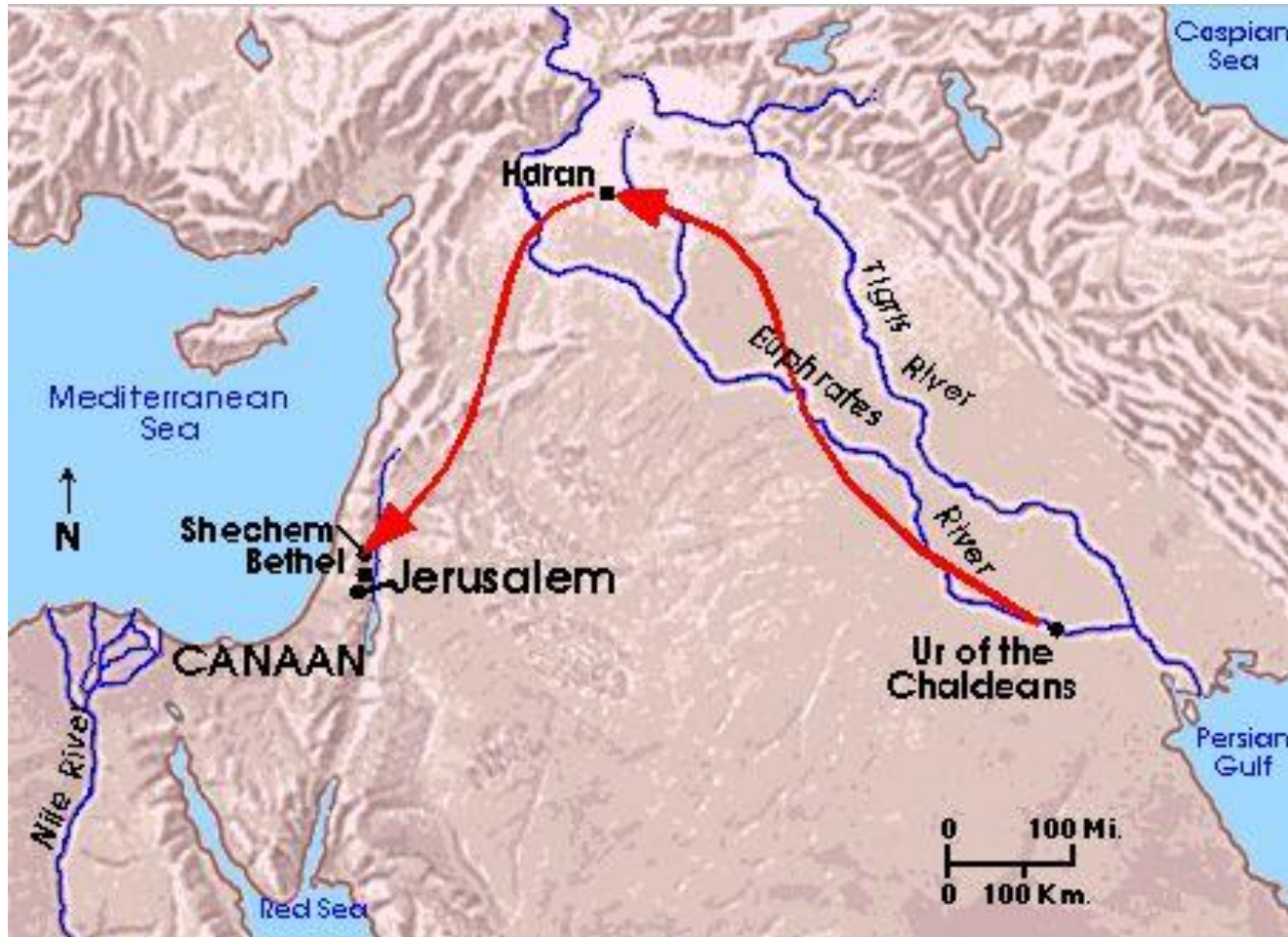
- Early missionary to Ireland
- Introduced Christianity in Ireland around 400 A.D. .
- Saint Patrick's Day is March 17.



Review:

1. Who was the founder of Judaism?

Abraham was the founder of Judaism.



Review:

2. Who was the founder of Christianity?

The founder of Christianity was Jesus Christ.



Review:

3. What is the sacred text of Judaism?

The Torah or Old Testament of the Bible is the sacred book of the Jews.

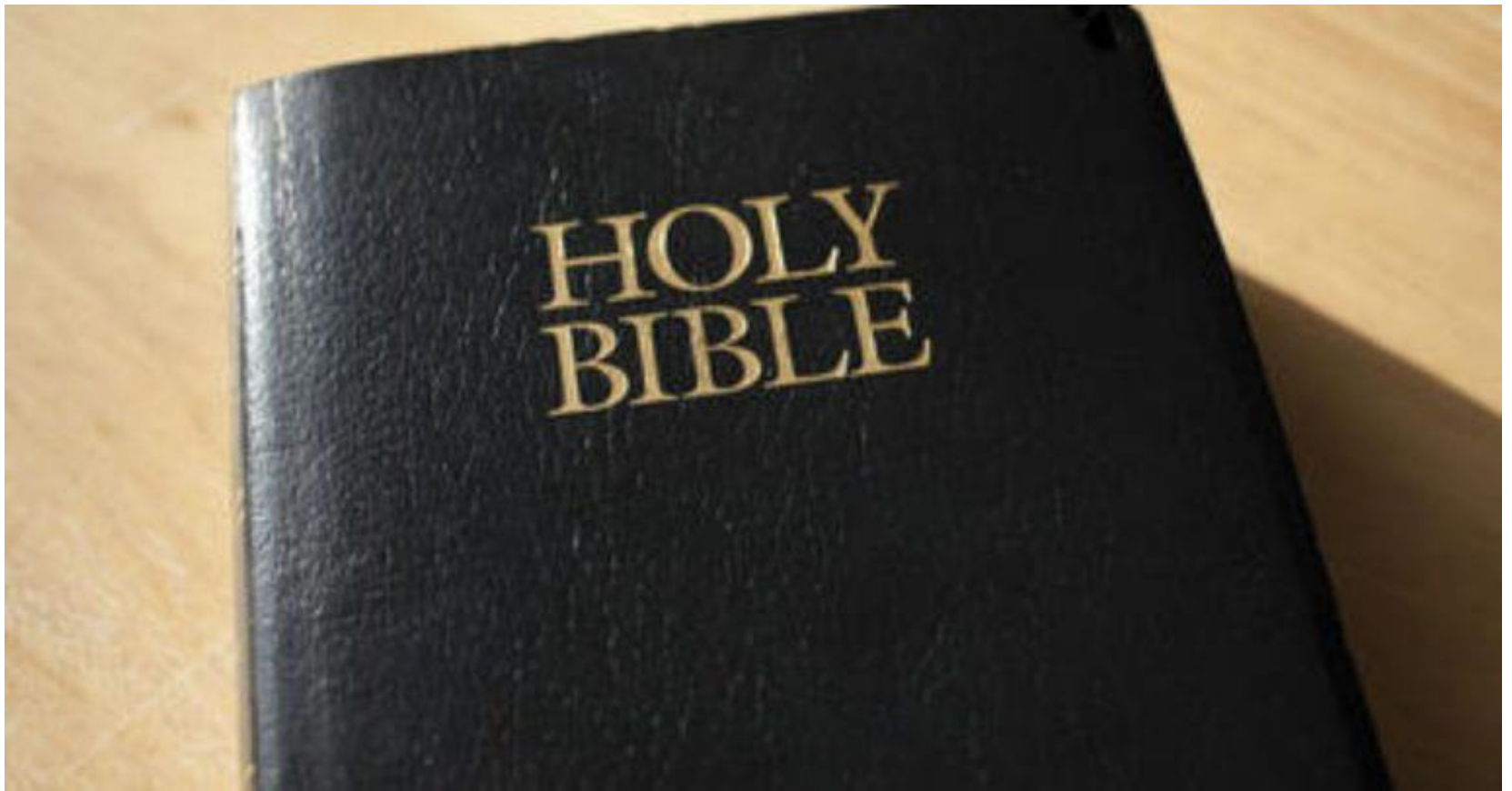


Review:

4. What is the sacred text of Christianity?

The Bible is the holy book of Christianity.

The New Testament tells about the early church.



Review:

1. Did Christianity begin with the birth or the death of Jesus? Why?

Christianity began with the death of Jesus because the belief in the resurrection of Christ is a central teaching of the faith.



Unit: History of Christianity

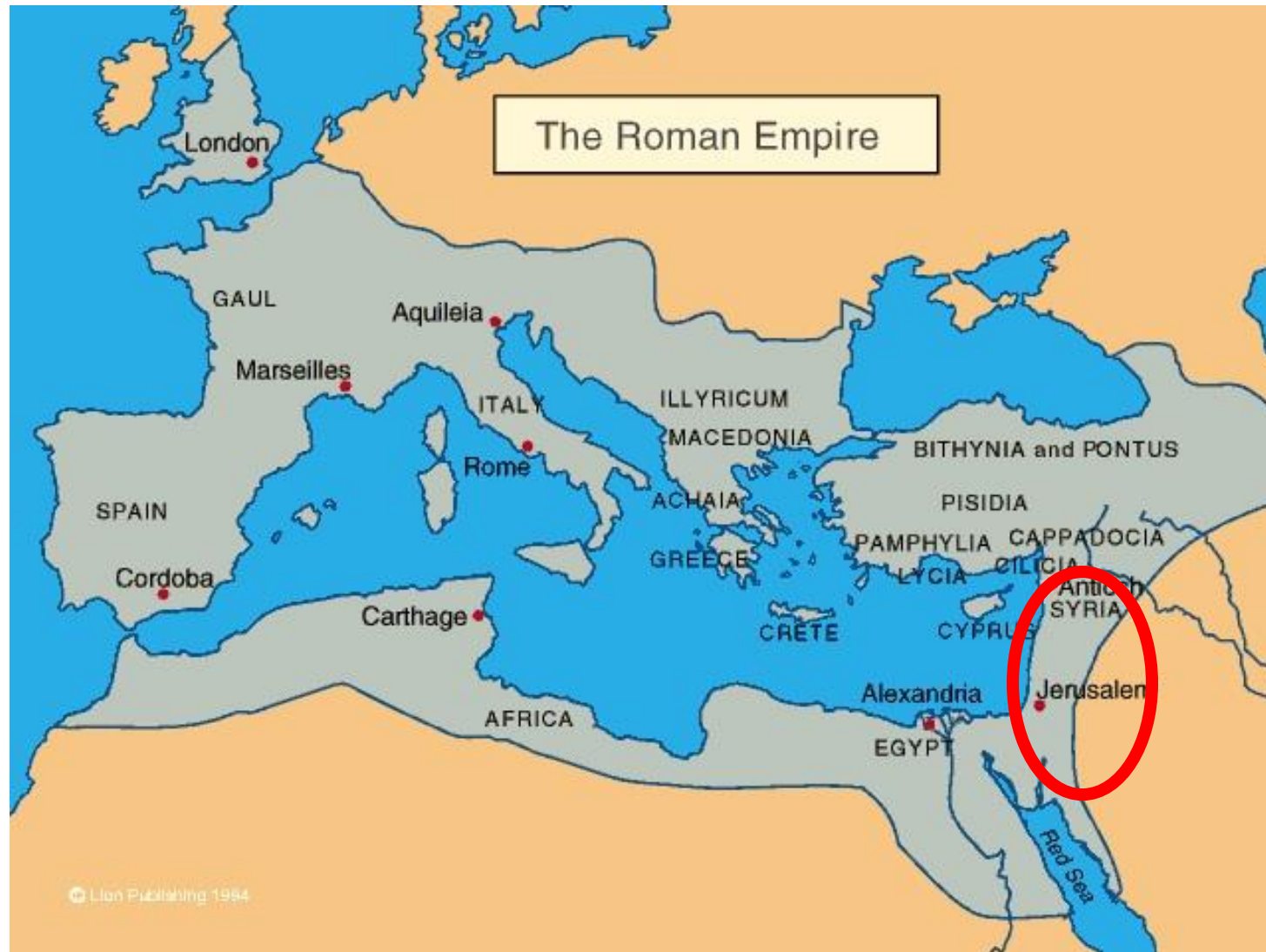
- Essential Questions –
- How did Christianity develop and spread?
- What are the basic beliefs of Christianity?

Objectives: SWBAT...

1. Identify and discuss important dates in the History of Christianity.

63 B.C.

- Romans take control of Israel.



c. 5 B.C.

- Jesus is born.



33 A.D.

- Jesus is crucified.



c. 60-70 A.D.

(possibly as early as 40 A.D.)

- The first gospel, the Gospel of Mark, is written.
- Gospel = “good news”
- The gospels tell about Jesus’ life.
- The four gospels are:
 - Matthew
 - Mark
 - Luke
 - John



70 A.D.

- Romans destroyed the Jewish temple in Jerusalem.



The Wailing Wall



162-180 A.D.

- Christians are persecuted under Emperor Marcus Aurelius.
 - It was against the law to be a Christian.
 - Christians were arrested and sometimes killed.

312 A.D.

- Emperor Constantine has a spiritual vision and converts to Christianity
 - Constantine instructs his soldiers to wear crosses and they win their battle.
 - He accepts Christianity as his personal religion.



313 A.D.

- The Edict of Milan
 - Edict = law
 - Milan = a place in Italy.
 - Emperor Constantine issued the Edict of Milan which gave legal toleration to Christianity.

Emperor
Constantine



325 A.D.

- Council of Nicaea
- The first church council meeting.
- Church leaders were trying to agree on the different teachings of Christianity.
- The Nicene Creed
 - Creed = a statement of belief



Council at Nicaea

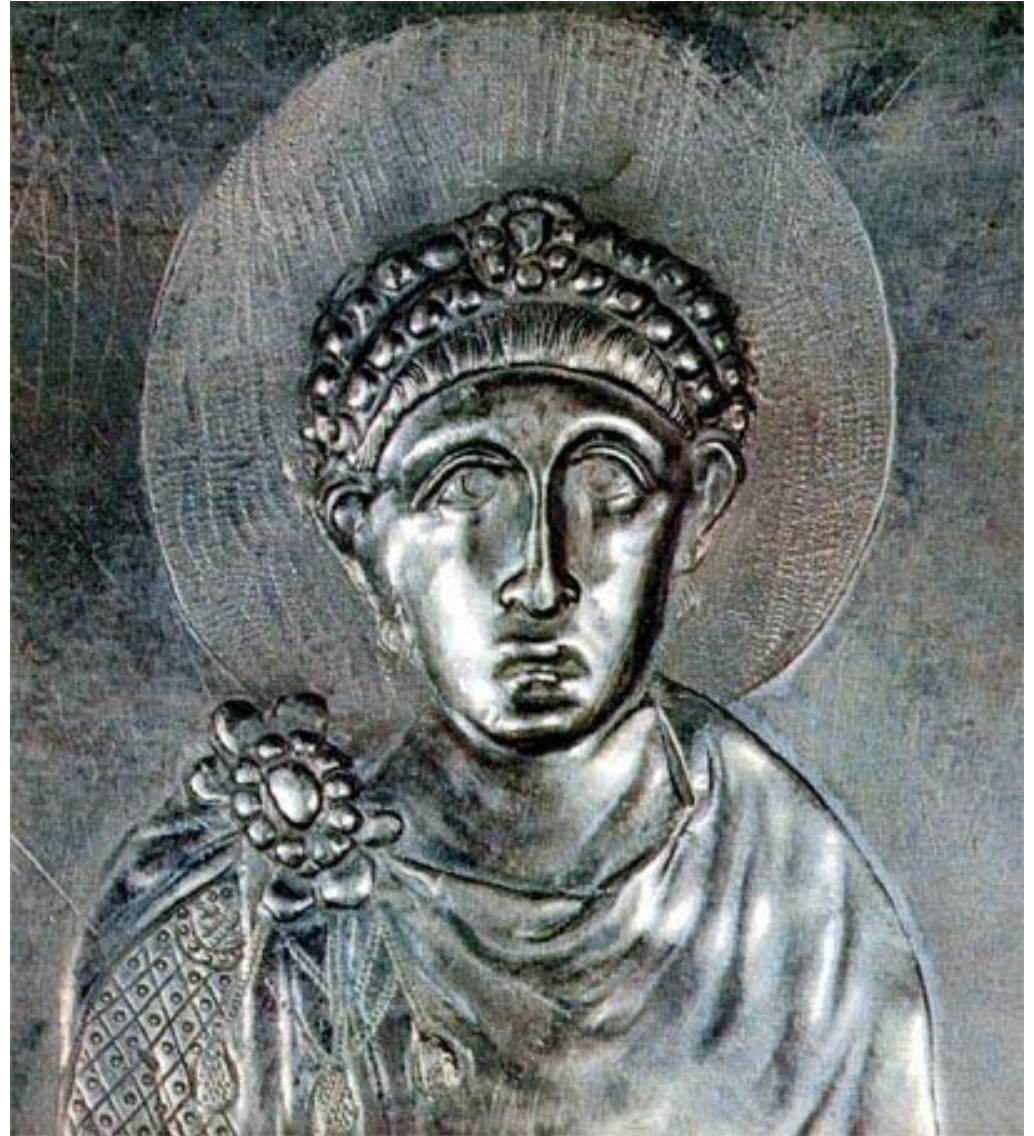
THE NICENE CREED

I BELIEVE IN ONE GOD, THE FATHER ALMIGHTY, MAKER OF HEAVEN AND EARTH, OF ALL THINGS VISIBLE AND INVISIBLE. I BELIEVE IN ONE LORD JESUS CHRIST, THE ONLY BEGOTTEN SON OF GOD, BORN OF THE FATHER BEFORE ALL AGES. GOD FROM GOD, LIGHT FROM LIGHT, TRUE GOD FROM TRUE GOD, BEGOTTEN, NOT MADE, CONSUBSTANTIAL WITH THE FATHER; THROUGH HIM ALL THINGS WERE MADE. FOR US MEN AND FOR OUR SALVATION HE CAME DOWN FROM HEAVEN, AND BY THE HOLY SPIRIT WAS INCARNATE OF THE VIRGIN MARY, AND BECAME MAN. FOR OUR SAKE HE WAS CRUCIFIED UNDER PONTIUS PILATE, HE SUFFERED DEATH AND WAS BURIED, AND ROSE AGAIN ON THE THIRD DAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SCRIPTURES. HE ASCENDED INTO HEAVEN AND IS SEATED AT THE RIGHT HAND OF THE FATHER. HE WILL COME AGAIN IN GLORY TO JUDGE THE LIVING AND THE DEAD AND HIS KINGDOM WILL HAVE NO END. I BELIEVE IN THE HOLY SPIRIT, THE LORD, THE GIVER OF LIFE, WHO PROCEEDS FROM THE FATHER AND THE SON, WHO WITH THE FATHER AND THE SON IS ADORED AND GLORIFIED, WHO HAS SPOKEN THROUGH THE PROPHETS. I BELIEVE IN ONE, HOLY, CATHOLIC AND APOSTOLIC CHURCH. I CONFESS ONE BAPTISM FOR THE FORGIVENESS OF SINS AND I LOOK FORWARD TO THE RESURRECTION OF THE DEAD AND THE LIFE OF THE WORLD TO COME. AMEN.



380

- Emperor Theodosius makes Christianity the official religion of the Roman empire.



800 A.D.

- Charlemagne is crowned as Holy Roman Emperor by Pope Leo.
- How does this show the power of the Church?
 - The pope has power to make a king.



1054 A.D.

- The Great Schism divides the Roman Catholic and Orthodox churches.



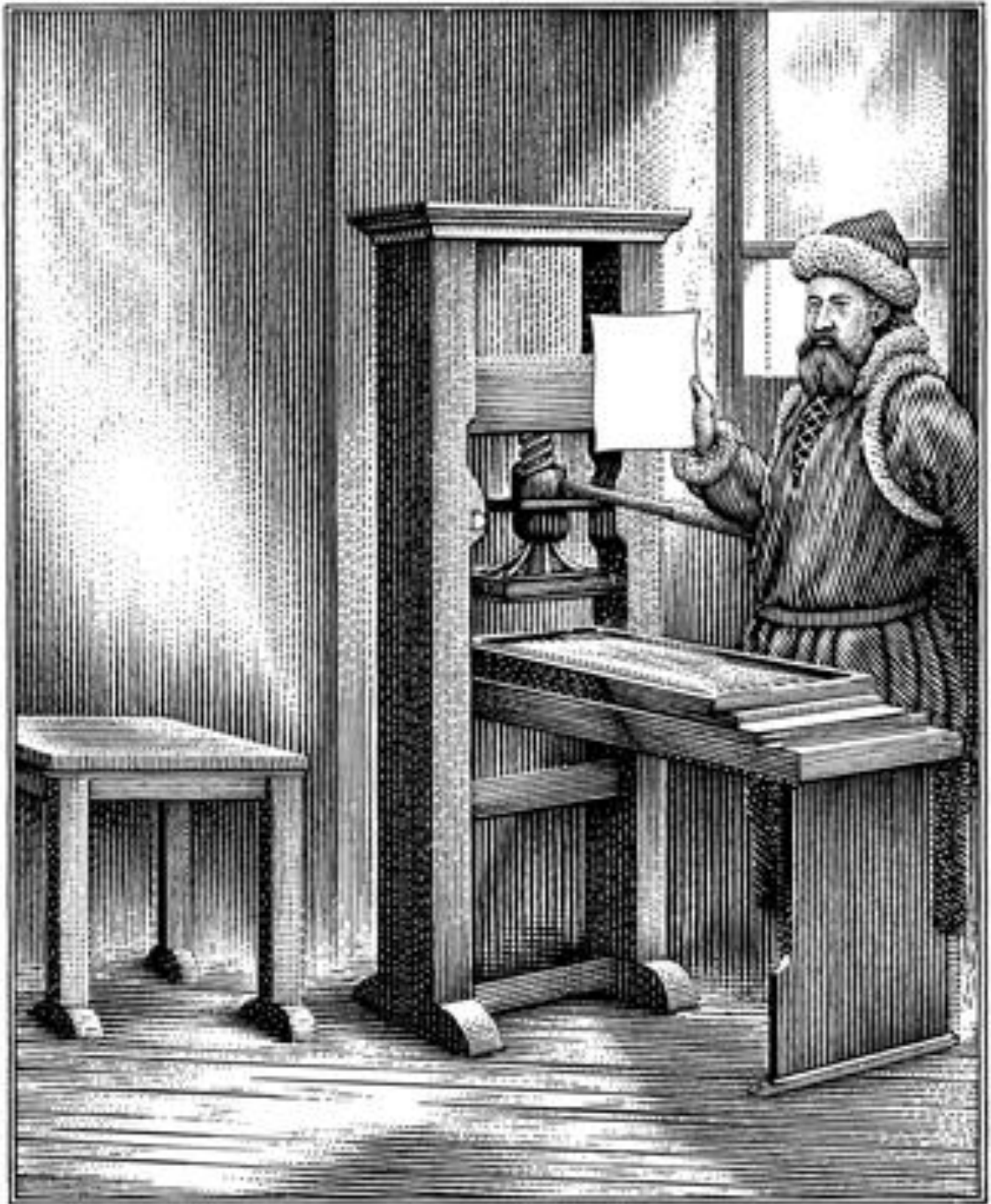
1095 A.D.

- Pope Urban II calls for the Crusades to begin.



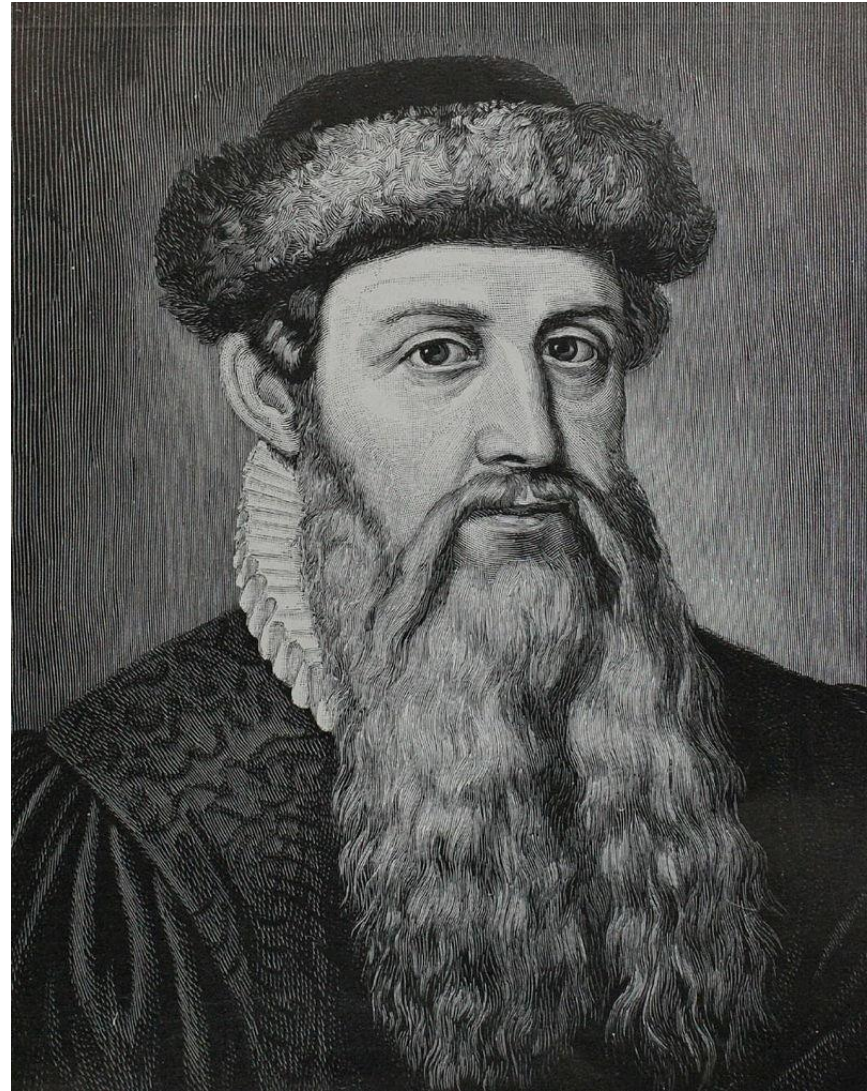
1455 A.D.

- Gutenberg publishes the first printed Bible.



Gutenberg

- Printer
- Introduced the printing press in Europe
- Created the Gutenberg Bible
- Helped start a revolution of printing



1517 A.D.

- The Protestant Reformation begins.
- Martin Luther nails 95 Theses on the Church door at Wittenberg.
- 3 main divisions of Christianity:
 - Roman Catholic
 - Orthodox
 - Protestant

Theses = arguments



Martin Luther



Judaism



Christianity



Islam